

## Sampling Methods

- Examine <sup>first</sup> 50 pages in 20 most recent issues,
  - Convenience sample
- Put the issues in a random order and examine every  $10^{\pm 1}$  page until 1000 have been examined
  - Systematic sample
- Assign a unique number to each page, use a computer to randomly select 100% of those #'s
  - Simple random sample
- Randomly select 4 issues, examine every page in those issues
  - cluster random sample (all pages from some)
- Examine 20 randomly selected pages from each of the 50 issues
  - Stratified random sample (some from all)

<sup>Experimental</sup>  
Design - Randomized Block

- Subjects divided into groups on some other variable (like gender) before being randomly assigned <sup>or</sup> treatments are randomly assigned to each block

<sup>Experimental</sup>  
Design - Matched pairs

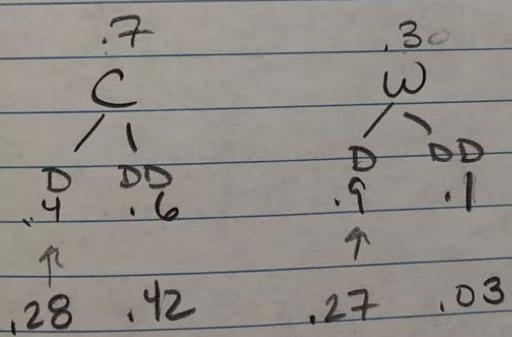
- Subjects are in both exp. + control groups  
<sup>or</sup> put into pairs w/ another subject

## Probability Rules

target Ex. 0.95       $1 - (0.95)^{10}$

1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    9    10  
.05

late Ex       $\frac{30}{100} \cdot \frac{9}{10} = \frac{27}{100}$



Expected Value

①  $-X$  is a discrete random variable. The table below defines a probability distribution for  $X$ .

What is the expected value of  $X$ ?

<u><math>X</math></u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>
-40	0.12
-30	0.04
-20	0.05
-10	0.17
0	0.62

- Step 1:  
Multiply each value by its probability

<u><math>X</math></u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
-40	0.12	-4.8
-30	0.04	-1.2
-20	0.05	-1
-10	0.17	-1.7
0	0.62	0

- Step 2:  
Add results from step 1:

Expected  
Value  
(EV)

$$(-4.8) + (-1.2) + (-1) + (-1.7) + (0) = -8.7$$

## ② Coffee cups

$X$        $P(X=x)$        $x \cdot P(X=x)$   
 +2% chance of getting fined  
 $100,000$       .12       $12,000$

$$10,000 - 100,000 = -90,000$$

↑                        ↑  
 Savings of              - fine  
 cups

	$X$	$P(X=x)$	$x \cdot P(X=x)$
fined	-90,000	.12	-10,800
not fined	10,000	.88	8,800
			<u>-2000</u> EV

## ③ Sum of 2 fair 6-sided dice is 7

2 3 4 5 6 7  
 3 4 5 6 7 8  
 4 5 6 7 8 9  
 5 6 7 8 9 10  
 6 7 8 9 10 11  
 7 8 9 10 11 12

④	$X$	$P(X=x)$	$x \cdot P(X=x)$
	-200	.25	-50
	-100	.25	-25
	0	.25	0
	100	.25	<u>25</u>
			<u>-50</u> EV

## (5) Cell Phone insurance

$$\text{Breaks} = -300 + 800 = 500$$

	<u>x</u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
Breaks	500	.20	100
Doesn't Break	-300	.80	-240
			<u>-140 EV</u>

## (6) Clothing Promotion

$$\text{Discount} = 300 \cdot .60 = 180$$

	<u>x</u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
Heads	180	.50	90
Tails	300	.50	150
			<u>240 EV</u>

## (7) Poker Tournament

$$\text{Win} = -10,000 + 500,000 = 490,000$$

	<u>x</u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
Win	490,000	.005	2450
Lose	-10,000	.995	-9950
			<u>-7500 EV</u>

## (8) Train in France

$$\text{Fine} = 5 + 300 = 305$$

	<u>x</u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
Fine	305	.05	15.25
No Fine	5	.95	4.75
			<u>20 EV</u>

<u>⑨</u>	<u><math>x</math></u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
	0	.35	0
	10	.25	2.5
	20	.4	8
			<u>10.5 EV</u>

⑩ Cellphone Insurance #2

$$\text{Breaks} = -200 + 1000 = 800$$

	<u><math>x</math></u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
Breaks	800	.10	80
Doesn't Break	-200	.90	-180
			<u>-100 EV</u>

<u>⑪</u>	<u><math>x</math></u>	<u><math>P(X=x)</math></u>	<u><math>x \cdot P(X=x)</math></u>
	-7	0.2	-1.4
	-3	0.1	-.3
	3	0.4	1.2
	7	0.3	2.1
			<u>1.6 EV</u>

Standard Deviation of a Discrete Random Variable

- Flood Insurance

No Flood	Flood
$x = \text{profit} + \$200$	$-\$99,800$
$P(x)$	$0.999$

$$\mu_x = \$100 \quad \text{Calculate } \sigma_x$$

$$\text{Var}(x) = \sigma_x^2$$

$$= (x_1 - \mu_x)^2 p_1 + (x_2 - \mu_x)^2 p_2 + \dots +$$

$$= \sum (x_i - \mu_x)^2 p_i$$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{\text{Var}(x)}$$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{(200 - 100)^2 0.999 + (-99,800 - 100)^2 0.001}$$

- Jenna goes fishing

$$\sqrt{(0 - 1.6)^2 0.04 + (1 - 1.6)^2 0.32 + (2 - 1.6)^2 0.64}$$

- Gloria enjoys Skeeball

$$\sqrt{(100 - 19)^2 .10 + (10 - 19)^2 .90}$$

- Talia wants to play a basketball game

$$\sqrt{(-5+1)^2 \cdot 36 + (0+1)^2 \cdot 48 + (5+1)^2 \cdot 16}$$

- Renters Insurance

$$\sqrt{(60-50)^2 \cdot 999 + (-9940-50)^2 \cdot 001}$$

### Probability in Normal Curves

- use normalcdf in calculator

( $2^{\text{nd}}$ ) [Vars] normalcdf [lower, upper,  $\mu$ ,  $\sigma$ ]

### Transforming Random Variables

- Mr. Gupta's 3 question Quiz

$$Y = 10x + 5$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \mu_Y = 10(\mu_x) + 5 & \sigma_Y = 10(\sigma_x) \\ 10(1.95) + 5 & = 10(.8) \\ 19.50 + 5 & = 8 \\ 24.50 & \end{array}$$

- Nikola plays horseshoes

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mu_Y = 3(\mu_x) & \sigma_Y = 3(\sigma_x) \\ 3(.3) & = 3(.56) \\ .9 & \end{array}$$

\* Must say independent

111

## Combining Random Variables

- Factory w/ 3-step process  $\mu=10 \sigma=5$

- Calculate variance for each step

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{x+y+z}^2 &= \sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_z^2 \\ &= 5^2 + 5^2 + 5^2 \\ &= 25 + 25 + 25 \\ &= 75\end{aligned}$$

- S.D. =  $\sqrt{\text{Variance}} = \sqrt{75}$

- Find mean of T

$$\mu_x + \mu_y + \mu_z = \mu_T$$

- Calculate SD of 4 cookies

$$V = (0.25)^2 + (0.25)^2 + (0.25)^2 + (0.25)^2$$

$$V = .25$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{.25} = .5$$

- Andy + Jim  $\mu = 1.5$   
Find SD of D ( $D = A - J$ )

$$V = 1^2 + .5^2$$

$$= 1.25$$

$$SD(\theta) = \sqrt{1.25} =$$

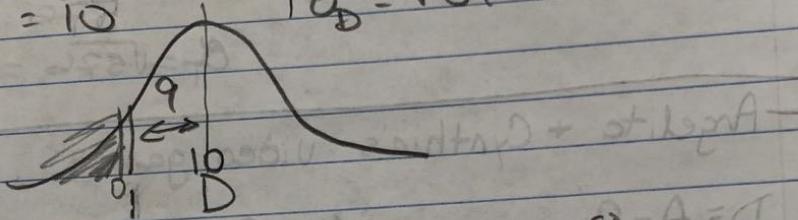
## Combining Normal Random Variables

- Heights of men + women

$$\textcircled{1} \quad D = M - W$$

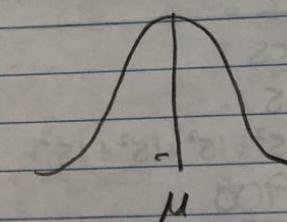
$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= \mu_M - \mu_W \\ &= 172 - 162 \\ &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad \sigma_D^2 &= \sigma_M^2 + \sigma_W^2 \quad (\text{Variance}) \\ &= (7.2)^2 + (5.4)^2 \\ &= 81 \\ \sigma_D &= \sqrt{81} = 9 \quad (\text{SD}) \end{aligned}$$



$$\textcircled{3} \quad \text{normalcdf} \left( -9999, 0, 10, 9 \right)$$

- Company produces candles + access



$$\begin{array}{ll} \mu & \sigma \\ \text{Candle} & 500 \\ \text{Stand} & \frac{200}{700} \end{array}$$

$$\text{normalcdf} \left( -9999, 683, 700, 17 \right)$$

- Notions + exams 2 students

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mu = 41 & \sigma = 9 \\ D \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2) & \sigma^2 = 9^2 + 9^2 \\ = 41 - 41 & = 162 \\ = 0 & \sigma = \sqrt{162} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P|D| > 15 \\ 2 \times \text{normalcdf}(-10, 10, 0, \sqrt{162}) \end{aligned}$$

cont

Combining Normal Random Variables

- Breakfast cereal

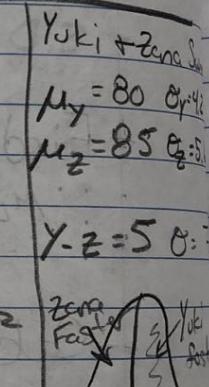
$$\begin{aligned}\mu_F &= 370 & \sigma_F &= 24 \\ \mu_R &= 170 & \sigma_R &= 7\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mu &= 370 + 170 \\ &= 540 & \sigma^2 &= 24^2 + 7^2 \\ & & &= 625 \\ & & & \sigma = 25\end{aligned}$$

- Ali faster  
- Ali + Bruno run 400 m dash

$$\begin{aligned}\mu_A &= 59 & \sigma_A &= 4.8 \\ \mu_B &= 50 & \sigma_B &= 3.6\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}A - B &= 59 - 50 \\ &= 9 & \sigma^2 &= 4.8^2 + 3.6^2 \\ & & &= 36 \\ & & & \sigma = 6\end{aligned}$$



Normalcdf(-99999, 0, 9, 6)

- Car manuf. value + seal

$$\begin{aligned}\mu_V &= 50 & \sigma_V &= .3 \\ \mu_S &= 51 & \sigma_V &= .4\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}S - V &= 51 - 50 \\ &= 1 & \sigma^2 &= .3^2 + .4^2 \\ & & &= .25 \\ & & & \sigma = .5\end{aligned}$$

ncdf(0, 2, 1, 0.5)

-Carnival ride for 4 passengers

$$\mu_W = 65 \quad \sigma = 12$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mu_W^T &= \mu_W^1 + \mu_W^2 + \mu_W^3 + \mu_W^4 \\ &= 65 + 65 + 65 + 65 \\ &= 260\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_T^2 &= \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 + \sigma_3^2 + \sigma_4^2 \\ &= 12^2 + 12^2 + 12^2 + 12^2 \\ &= 576 \\ \sigma_T &= \sqrt{576} = 24\end{aligned}$$

-Angelita + Cynthia's video games

$$D = A - C$$

$$900 - 800$$

$$\mu = 100$$

A\_wins

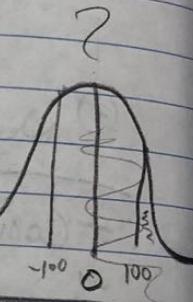
$$\text{normpdf}(0, 99999, 100, 120)$$

$$\sigma^2 = 96^2 + 72^2$$

$$(9216 + 5184)$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{14400}$$

$$\sigma = 120$$



-Company produces apples

$$\mu = 175$$

$$\mu_W = 175 \times 4$$

$$= 700$$

$$\sigma = 15$$

$$\sigma_T^2 = 15^2 + 15^2 + 15^2 + 15^2$$

$$900$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{900} = 30$$

-Sam + Taylor's car wash

$$D = S - T$$

$$20 - 18$$

$$2$$

$$-10 \quad 10$$

$$\sigma_S = 6.4 \quad \sigma_T = 4.8$$

$$\sigma_T^2 = 6.4^2 + 4.8^2$$

$$\sigma_T^2 = 64$$

$$\sigma_T = \sqrt{64} = 8$$

## Binomial Variable - coin flip

- Made up of independent trials
  - flipping coins is ind.
  - picking ppl is not, unless sample size is less than 10% of population
- each trial can be classified as a success or failure
- fixed # of trials
- probability of success on each trial is constant

Not Binomial - pulling cards from deck w/o replacement

## Binomial Probability Formula

- Online retailer, next-day shipping
  - 95% get package
  - get 20 orders SRS

$$P(X=19) = (0.95)(0.95)\dots(0.95)(0.05)$$
$$(0.95)^{19}(0.05)$$

Binomial coefficient  $\binom{20}{19}$   
arrangements  
successes

- 
- Heather's 60% Heads coin
    - flip 5 times
    - get exactly 3 heads

$$\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)(.6)^3(.4)^2$$

## Calculating binomial probability

-Aja's favorite cereal

-1 in 4 contain prize

-buys 5 boxes

$$P(X \leq 1) \quad \text{cdf (less than or =)}$$

wins at most 1 prize

trials       $x$  value

prob

calc       $\text{binomcdf}(5, 0.25, 1)$

-Heather's coin 60% heads

$$P(X=3) \quad \text{exactly 3 (binompdf)}$$

5 flips

$$\text{binompdf}(5, .60, 3)$$

-Marta Basketball 90% make

greater than or =

$$P(X \geq 2) \quad 3 \text{ shots}$$

$$P(X \leq 1) \quad \text{binomcdf}(3, .9, 1) = 0.028$$

$$P(X \geq 2) = 1 - P(X \leq 1)$$

$$= 1 - 0.028$$

$$= 0.972$$

-Layla's coin 60% 5 flips

$$P(X > 3)$$

\* if  $> \#$ ,  $P(X < \#)$

$$P(X \leq 3) \quad 1 - P(X < 3)$$

Mean and Standard Deviation of a Binomial Random Variable

- Candy machine

$p =$   
1,000 pieces 30% blue

$n =$   
SRS of 15 pieces  $X = \# \text{ of blue}$

Find  $M_x + \sigma_x$

$$M_x = np \quad \sigma_x = \sqrt{np(1-p)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= 15(.3) \\ &= 4.5 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{15(.3)(1-.3)} \\ &= \sqrt{3.15} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 1.775$$

Geometric Random Variables

- Not a fixed # of trials

- How many trials until success?

Finding Probability of GRV

- Jeremiah 3-point shot 25% makes shot

$$P(M = 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ attempt}) = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{64}$$

Cumulative Geometric Probability (greater than value)

- Emetia @ DMV SUV's = 12%

V = # of vehicles she registers in a day  
until she registers an SUV

$P(E \text{ registers more than 4 before an SUV})$

$$P(V > 4) = P(V=5) + P(V=6) + P(V=7) + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(V \text{ not } \leq 4) &= P(\text{first 4 cars not SUV}) = (1-0.12)^4 \\ &= 0.5997 \end{aligned}$$

### Cumulative Geometric Probability (less than a value)

- Lilyana cake decorating 10% orders over phone

Let  $C = \#$  of cake orders until a phone order

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Find } P(C < 5) &= P(C=1) + P(C=2) + P(C=3) + P(C=4) \\ &\quad (.1) + (0.9 \cdot 0.1) + (0.9)^2 \cdot (0.1) + (0.9)^3 \cdot (0.1) \\ &= 1 - P(\text{No telephone in 4 orders}) = 1 - (0.9)^4 \end{aligned}$$

### Calculator Methods

- Keep picking cards until a king, replace if not  $\xleftarrow{\text{P(king)}} K$

$$- P(\text{pick 5}) = \text{geometpdf} \left( \frac{1}{13}, 5 \right) = 0.0558$$

$$\begin{aligned} - P(X \leq 10) &= P(X \geq 9) = P(X=1) + \dots + P(X=9) \\ &\quad \text{geometcdf} \left( \frac{1}{13}, 9 \right) = 0.5134 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} - P(X > 12) &= 1 - P(X \leq 12) \\ &\quad 1 - \text{geometcdf} \left( \frac{1}{13}, 12 \right) = 0.3827 \end{aligned}$$

## Calculating Percentiles

- percentile : % of the data that is below the amt in question

: % of the data that is at or below the amt in quest.

Expected Value with Empirical Probabilities

## ① Birthday Die

<u>Die Value</u>	<u>Freq.</u>	<u>Rel. Freq.</u>	<u>V. Freq.</u>
1	90	$\frac{90}{500} = .18$	.18
2	110	$\frac{110}{500} = .22$	.44
3	95	$\frac{95}{500} = .19$	.57
4	70	$\frac{70}{500} = .14$	.56
5	75	$\frac{75}{500} = .15$	.75
6	60	$\frac{60}{500} = .12$	.72
	<u>500 total</u>		<u>3.22 EV</u>

$$20 \cdot 3.22 = 64.4 \quad \frac{20 \cdot 110}{60} = 1.83$$

## ② Frisbee

<u>Distance</u>	<u>Throws</u>	<u>Rel. Freq.</u>	<u>d · RF</u>
10	4	.04	.4
20	21	.21	4.2
30	32	.32	9.6
40	35	.35	14
50	8	.08	4
	<u>100</u>		<u>32.2 EV</u>

$$50 \cdot 32.2 = 1610 \quad \frac{50 \cdot 35}{100} = 4.4$$

## (3) Salesman Sam

<u># of Clients (x)</u>	<u>Days</u>	<u>RF</u>	<u>x·RF</u>
1	153	.3825	.3825
2	110	.275	.55
3	77	.1925	.5775
4	39	.0975	.39
5	<u>21</u>	.0525	<u>.2625</u>
	400 tot		2,1625 EV

$$5 \cdot 2,1625 = 10.8 \approx 11 \quad \textcircled{2} \cdot \frac{110}{21} = 5.23$$

## (4) Divya

<u>Pieces in Set</u>	<u>Sets</u>	<u>Tot.Pieces</u>	
3	$x$	$3x$	$\frac{45+3x}{7+x}$
5	5	25	
10	2	20	

$$\begin{aligned}
 5(7+x) &= 45 + 3x \\
 35 + 5x &= 45 + 3x \\
 -3x &\quad -3x \\
 2x &= 10 \\
 x &= 5
 \end{aligned}$$

## ⑤ Alma's Lawn Care

<u>Acres</u>	<u>Customers</u>	<u>A·C</u>	
1	4	4	175
2	6	12	-4
3	x	3x	-12
4	y	4y	-45
5	9	45	114
	50	175	

$$\begin{aligned}
 x+y &= 31 & 3x+4y &= 114 \\
 y &= 31-x & 3x+4(31-x) &= 114 \\
 3x+124-4x &= 114 & -x+124 &= 114 \\
 -x &= -10 & -124 &= -124 \\
 x &= 10
 \end{aligned}$$

## ⑥ Rohit the Runner

<u>Distance</u>	<u>Runs</u>	<u>RF</u>	<u>D·RF</u>
1	6	.12	.12
2	13	.26	.52
3	31	.62	1.86
	50		2.5 EV

⑦ Daniela Tennis

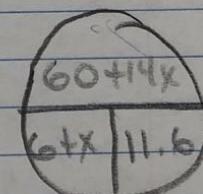
<u>Sets Won</u>	<u>Matches</u>	<u>S.M</u>
0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	0
1	4	4
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4	$2y$
	10	12

$$2y = 8$$

$$y = 4$$

⑧ Easter Eggs

<u>Eggs Found</u>	<u>Hunts</u>	<u>E.H</u>
8	2	$\frac{1}{16}$
11	4	$\frac{4}{14}$
14	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	$\frac{14}{6+x}$
		$60+14x$



$$60+14x = 11.6(6+x)$$

$$60+14x = 69.6 + 11.6x$$

$$2.4x = 9.6$$

(9) Rohit's Races

Length	Races	Total = 3450
100	3	$\frac{3}{16} = 187.5$
200	X	$\frac{x}{16}$
400	2	$\frac{2}{16} = 0.125$
800	Y	$\frac{y}{16}$
	16	1.00
		431.25

$$EV = \frac{3450}{8} = 431.25$$

$$3+x+2+y=16$$

$$x+y+5=16$$

$$x+y=11$$

$$18.75 + \frac{200}{16}x + 50 + \frac{800}{16}y = 431.25$$

$$\frac{200}{16}x + \frac{800}{16}y + 68.75 = 431.25$$

$$16 \left( \frac{200}{16}x + \frac{800}{16}y = 362.5 \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 200x + 800y = 5800 \\ - 200x - 200y = 2200 \\ \hline 600y = 3600 \end{array}$$

$$y = 6$$

$$x = 5$$

(10) Hector's Paintings

Area	Survey Resp.	A.S
10	3	$\frac{3}{30}$
20	5	$\frac{5}{100}$
30	11	$\frac{11}{330}$
40	11	$\frac{11}{440}$
Tot	30	$\frac{900}{30} = 30$

(11) Chef JeffChick Orders

3	30	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	$3x$
6	20		$120$
8	50	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	$8y$
Tot	100		$\frac{610}{100} = 6.1$

$$\begin{aligned} x + 20 + y &= 100 \\ x + y &= 80 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} 3x + 120 + 8y &= 610 \\ 3x + 8y &= 490 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 8y = 490 \\ -3(x + 3y) = -80 \\ \hline 5y = 250 \\ 5 \\ y = 50 \end{array}$$

Expected Value w/ Calculated Probs.

## ① Artifacts

Side 1

A  
AN  
A

Side 2

A N  
A AA N  
A A

Side 3

A N A N  
A A A AA N A N  
A A A A

Side 4

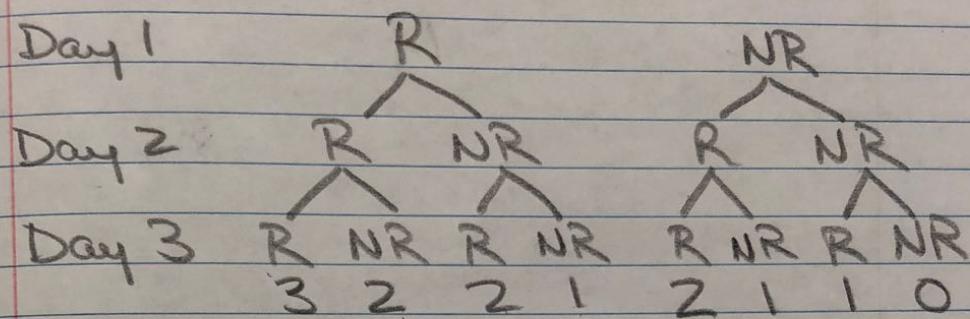
A N A N A N  
4 3 3 2 3 2 2 1A N A N A N  
3 2 2 1 2 1 1 0

Artf.

Value

0	1	$\frac{1}{16}$	0	0
1	4	$\frac{4}{16}$	100	25
2	6	$\frac{6}{16}$	250	93.75
3	4	$\frac{4}{16}$	500	125
4	1	$\frac{1}{16}$	1000	<u>62.50</u>
				<u>306.25 ✓</u>

## (2) Car Dealership Rain



<u>Rainy Days</u>	<u>Revenue</u>
0	$1 \frac{1}{8} \times 3000 = 375$
1	$3 \frac{3}{8} \times 1800 = 675$
2	$3 \frac{3}{8} \times 1300 = 487.5$
3	$1 \frac{1}{8} \times 800 = \underline{\underline{100}}$
	$1637.50$

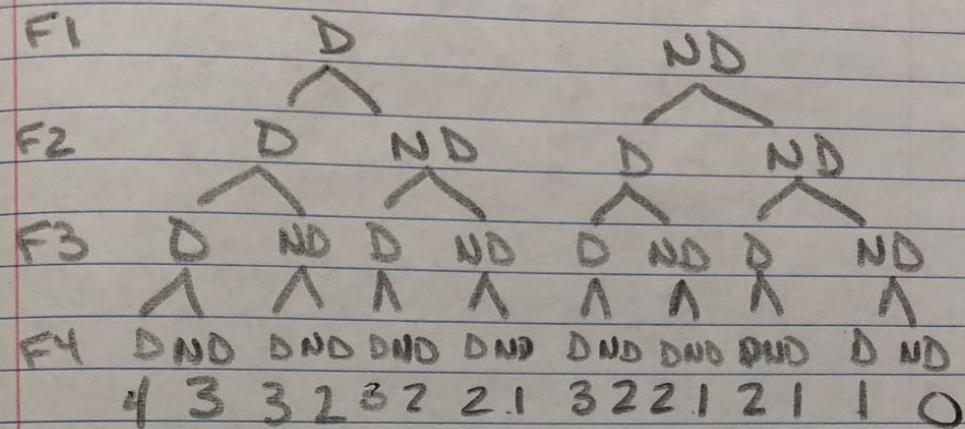
## (3) Bob + Anna Lunch

(1,1)	2,1	3,1	4,1
1,2	(2,2)	3,2	4,2
1,3	2,3	(3,3)	4,3
1,4	2,4	3,4	(4,4)

Meet  $\frac{4}{16} \cdot 5 = 1.25$

Don't Meet  $\frac{12}{16} \cdot 10 = \frac{7.50}{\$8.75}$

## ④ Fireworks

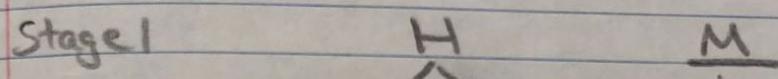


Dude      Value

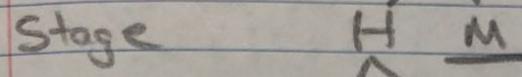
0	1	$\frac{1}{16}$	1000	62.50
1	4	$\frac{4}{16}$	700	175.00
2	6	$\frac{6}{16}$	500	187.50
3	4	$\frac{4}{16}$	100	25.00
4	1	$\frac{1}{16}$	0	<u>0</u>

## (5) Rory the Irish Gunman

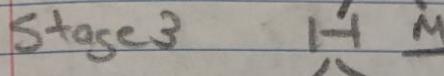
Stage 1



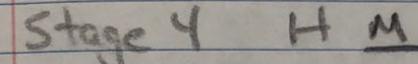
Stage 2



Stage 3



Stage 4

Stage    Prob. $.6$ Amt $0$ 2  $.6 \cdot .5 = .3$  100 303  $.3 \cdot .4 = .12$  300 364  $.12 \cdot .3 = .036$  1000 36

⑥ Vlad + Ulga Roll Dice

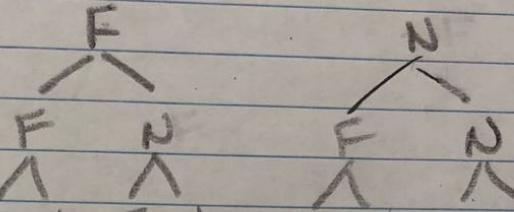
2	3	4	5	6	7
3	4	5	6	7	8
4	5	6	7	8	9
5	6	7	8	9	10
6	7	8	9	10	11
7	8	9	10	11	12

$$\text{Div by 3: } \frac{12}{36} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 6 = 2$$

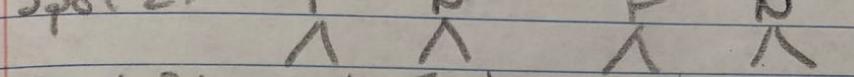
$$\text{Not Div By 3: } \frac{24}{36} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 3 = -2$$

(7) Clumsy Carl

Spot 1:



Spot 2:

Spot 3:  
F N F N      F N F N  
3 2 2 1      2 1 1 0

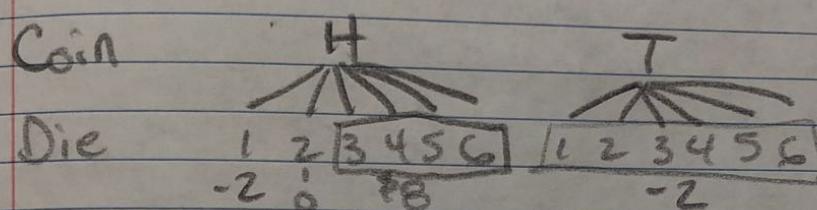
Falls    # PPL

0 (%)	0	=	110.0
1 (%)	500	=	187.5
2 (%)	800	=	300.0
3 (%)	900	=	112.5

600.0

⑧ Jorge @ Casino

Flip Coin & Roll 1 die



<u>Prize</u>	
-2	.312
0	.117
3	<u>2.67</u>

⑨ Pooja & Amit Card Game

$$\text{Outcome Face } \left(\frac{3}{13}\right) \cdot 6 = 1.38$$

$$\text{Ace } \left(\frac{1}{13}\right) \cdot 4 = .31$$

$$\text{Other } \left(\frac{9}{13}\right) \cdot -2 = -1.38$$

(10) Cecilia + Layla Game  
 $R_1, R_2, R_3$        $G_1, G_2, G_3, G_4, G_5, G_6, G_7$

Red R      1      2      3

Green 1234567      1234567      1234567

Outcome

0-0 ( $\frac{8}{21}$ ) +10      3.81

0-E ( $\frac{6}{21}$ ) 0      0

Other ( $\frac{7}{21}$ ) -8      -2.67

Vera + Alexey - Markers

R       $R_2$        $R_3$        $R_4$        $R_5$

$G_6$	$G_2$	8 9 10	$6\frac{7}{25}$	$9\frac{9}{10}$	$6\frac{2}{25}$	$9\frac{9}{10}$	$6\frac{7}{25}$	$9\frac{9}{10}$
$5\frac{1}{2}$	$4\frac{1}{2}$	$3\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$
1=	1=	1=	1=	1>	2>	3>		

>12  $6\frac{6}{25}$  \$5      1.2

=12  $4\frac{4}{25}$  0      0

<12  $1\frac{1}{25}$  -6       $\frac{-3.4}{-2.4}$

## Making Decisions w/ Expected Values

### ① Mohammed + His Startup Companies

Small Comp.

5@40%

\$10,000 if succ.

-1,000,000 if unsucc.

$$.40^5 = .01 \cdot 10 = .1$$

$$1 - .01 = .99 \cdot -1 = \underline{- .99}$$

$$EV_{sm} = -.89$$

Large Comp.

3@30%

\$15m if succ.

-5m if unsucc.

$$.30^3 = .027 \cdot 15 = .405$$

$$1 - .027 = .973 \cdot -5 = \underline{-4.865}$$

$$-4.46$$

### ② Samuel the Ent.

Small

4@90% -

\$10m if succ.

-3m if unsucc.

$$.90^4 = .6561 \cdot 10 = 6.561$$

$$1 - .6561 = .3439 \cdot -3 = \underline{-1.037}$$

$$\$5.5m$$

Large

2@20%

20m if succ.

-2m if unsucc.

$$.2^2 = .04 \cdot 20 = .8$$

$$1 - .04 = .96 \cdot -2 = \underline{-1.92}$$

$$-1m$$

## (3) You + Friend Coin game

Game 1

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{2:16} \\ - \text{HHHH} \\ - \text{HHHT} \\ - \text{HHTH} \end{array}$$

$\frac{5}{16} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 5 = 1.56$

$\frac{1}{4} \cdot -2 = -1.38$

$.185$

Game 2

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{64} \cdot 150 = 2.34 \\ \frac{63}{64} \cdot -2 = -1.97 \\ = .38 \end{array}$$

- HHTT
- HTHH
- HTHT
- HTTH
- HTTT -
- THHH
- THHT
- THTH
- THTT -
- TTTH
- TTHT -
- TTTH -
- TTTT -

$$\leq 2 = \$1 \quad \frac{1}{16} = .6875$$

&gt; 2

$$\begin{array}{l} > 2 = \$3 \\ \frac{5}{16} = -.9375 \\ = +.25 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{32} \cdot 100 = 3.125$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{31}{32} \cdot -4 = -3.875 \\ = -.75 \end{array}$$

(4) Minneapolis

Car Result	Stoplight	Stop Sign
Major Acc	15	16,875
Minor Acc	24	18
No Acc	761	0
Total	800	<u>34.88</u>

4000 cars	75.	67,500	95.	66,500
	120	72,000	155	31,000

## (5) Chicago Intersection

Light

$$170 \cdot 600 = 102,000$$

Sign

$$220 \cdot 750 = 165,000$$

$$200 \cdot 400 = 80,000$$

$$270 \cdot 500 = 135,000$$

## (6) Diego Batting Cage

(6)

## Slow Ball

$$.95^{10}$$

\$25 if succ.

-5 if unsucc.

$$.95^{10} = 14,968$$

$$= -2,006$$

$$12.96 \sim 13$$

## Fast Ball

$$3@ .60$$

\$60 if succ.

-10 if unsucc.

$$.60^3 = 0.216 \cdot 60 = 12.96$$

$$.784 \cdot -10 = \frac{-7.84}{3.12}$$

$$\sim 25$$

## (7) Fruit stand

$$246 \cdot .75 = 184.50$$

$$40 \cdot .80 \quad \underline{32} =$$

$$216.50$$

$$100 \cdot .95 = 95$$

$$152 \cdot .60 = 91.20$$

$$\underline{186.20}$$

## (8) Bus Tkt's

$$8.35 \cdot 20 = 167$$

$$1.65 \cdot 5 = \underline{8.25}$$

$$175.25$$

$$7.3 \cdot 40 = 292$$

$$2.7 \cdot 15 = \underline{40.50}$$

$$332.50$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{9} \\ 7.2 \cdot 50 = 360 \\ 2.8 \cdot 10 = 28 \\ \hline 388 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6.5 \cdot 70 = 455 \\ 3.5 \cdot 30 = 105 \\ \hline 560 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{10} \\ 61 \cdot 3 = 183 \\ 62.8 \cdot 3 = 188.40 \\ \hline 371.40 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 43.8 \cdot 4.00 = 175.20 \\ 100.2 \cdot 2.50 = 250.50 \\ \hline 425.70 \end{array}$$

$\textcircled{11}$  6 @ 60 mph @ 90%  
\$50 if succ  
-50 if unsuc

$$\begin{array}{r} .90^4 \cdot 50 = 26.572 \\ .468 \cdot -50 = -23.427 \\ \hline 3.14 \end{array}$$

3 @ 90 mph @ 70%  
40 if succ  
-10 if unsuc

$$\begin{array}{r} .343 \cdot 40 = 13.72 \\ (.657 \cdot -10) = -6.57 \\ \hline \sim 7 \end{array}$$

$\sim 3$

$\textcircled{12}$  R.P.S

L = Paper  
P = Rock

L = Rock  
P = Sc. 30

## (13) Tate's Virus

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Virus} & \text{Purchased} & \text{No Purch} \\ \text{Pikachu} & 100 - 25 = 75 & 200 : 25 = 8 \\ & & \end{array}$$

$$\text{Trojan} \quad 100 - 15 = 85 \quad 100 : 15 = 15$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{ADA} & 400 \cdot .10 = 40 + 100 = 140 \\ & \quad 9 \cancel{140} \\ & (30+25) = 55 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 400 \cdot .10 = 40 \\ \hline 105 \\ (150) \end{array}$$

## (14) Dina's Ice Cream

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Choc} & \text{Vanilla} \\ (.6/100 \cdot 500) = 30 \times 2 = 60 & .16 \cdot 500 = 80 \times 3 = 240 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} (.12/100 \cdot 500) = 60 \times 2 = 120 & .73 \cdot 500 = 365 \times 1 = 365 \\ \hline 730 & 605 \end{array}$$

## (15) Marvin's Moped

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Morn} & \text{Light} \\ & 2000 \cdot .10 = 200 \\ \text{Dusk} & 4000 \cdot .15 = 600 \\ \text{Night} & \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 800+ \\ \hline 150 \\ 950 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{No Light} \\ 2000 \cdot .10 = 200 \\ 4000 \cdot .15 = 600 \\ 2000 \cdot .20 = 400 \\ \hline 1200 \end{array}$$

(16) Ming Fishing

Tr      Large Lure  
 $330 \times 4 = 1320$

Small Lure  
 $90 \times 2 = 180$

SF       $80 \times 2 = \frac{160}{1480}$        $650 \times .5 = \frac{325}{505}$

(17) Deniz RPS

Rock  
 Rock .50 —

Paper  
 $.50 \quad 1000 = 500$

Paper .20  $-1000 = -200$  .20 —

Sciss .30  $+1000 = \frac{300}{-200}$  .30  $-1000 = \frac{-300}{200}$

(18) Francisco Arcade

3@ 30% \$50  
 $.30^3 \cdot 48 = 1.296$   
 $= -1.94\%$

4@ 80% 27,8528  
 $-1.1808$   
 $\underline{\quad}$   
 $26,672$

## (19) Felipe the Fisherman

NP      Large Lure  
 $60 \cdot 5 = 300$

Small Lure  
 $66 \times 3 = 198$

W       $72 \cdot 3 = \frac{216}{516}$

$162 \times 1 = \frac{162}{360}$

## (20) Jeremy Health Ins.

	Low Ded.	High Ded.
0	0	0
700	100	140
3000	75	150
5000	75	150
10,000	<u>50</u>	<u>100</u>
	<u>6300</u>	<u>5540</u>

## (21) Sam Squirrel Monkey

Paint	Siding
Red	Red

18 total  
- 3 same  
15 Not same

Green	R
	G
W	W
	R
	G
	W

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{18} \cdot 1000 &= 166.67 \\ \frac{5}{18} \cdot 100 &= -83.33 \\ &\hline 83.33 \end{aligned}$$

② Omar's Fruit Shop

Apples

$$\begin{array}{r} 302.25 = 75.50 \\ 45.45 \quad 20.25 \\ \hline 95.75 \end{array}$$

Bananas

$$\begin{array}{r} 46.40 = 18.40 \\ 310.30 = 93.00 \\ \hline 111.40 \end{array}$$